

Part A : Multiple choice

- 1. What term describes electricity in which electrons flow?
 - (A) Current electricity
 - (B) Electromagnetism
 - (C) Magnetism
 - (D) Static electricity
- 2. What feature of a river is most similar to current in an electric circuit?
 - (A) The depth of the river measured in metres
 - (B) The temperature of the water measured in degrees Celsius
 - (C) The vertical drop between two points along the river measured in metres
 - (D) The volume of water moving past a point measured in litres per second
- 3. What is the unit of measurement for electric current?
 - (A) Amperes
 - (B) Coulombs
 - (C) Joules
 - (D) Volts
- 4. Which circuit element controls the flow of current?
 - (A) Battery
 - (B) Lamp
 - (C) Switch
 - (D) Wire
- 5. What instrument is used to measure electric current?
 - (A) ammeter
 - (B) ohmmeter
 - (C) switch
 - (D) voltmeter

6. Which symbol represents a battery?



- 7. Which is true about bulbs connected in series?
 - (A) If an extra bulb is added to the circuit, the brightness of all bulbs stays the same.
 - (B) If one bulb is removed from the circuit, the others will not light.
 - (C) If one bulb is removed from the circuit, the remaining bulbs stay lit
 - (D) If an extra bulb is added to the circuit, the resistance decreases.
- 8. Which statement best describes the movement of electrons around a series circuit?
 - (A) The current is higher near the power source than anywhere else in the circuit.
 - (B) The current is lower near the power source than anywhere else in the circuit.
 - (C) The electrons take one of several possible paths.
 - (D) The electrons follow the same path around the circuit.
- 9. Which statement best describes the movement of electrons around a parallel circuit?
 - (A) The electrons take one of several possible paths.
 - (B) More electrons pass through the branch with higher voltage.
 - (C) Electrons move faster before the junction point than anywhere else in the circuit.
 - (D) The electrons follow the same path around the circuit.
- 10. When the switch is opened, what happens to the electrons in the circuit?
 - (A) More are added.
 - (B) Some are removed.
 - (C) They begin to move.
 - (D) They stop moving.



- 11. What charge flows past a point in a wire in 6.0 s if the wire carries a current of 2.0 A?
 - (A) 0.33 C
 - (B) 3.0 C
 - (C) 12 C
 - (D) 24 C
- 12. If a circuit element can withstand a maximum current of 15 A, how many electrons can pass through it each second?
 - (A) 2.4×10^{-18}
 - (B) 1.5×10^{1}
 - (C) 6.3×10^{18}
 - (D) 9.4×10^{19}
- 13. What is current a measure of?
 - (A) amount of energy given to a charged object
 - (B) charge passing a point in a given time
 - (C) number of charges stored in a cell
 - (D) resistance to the flow of particles
- 14. How many electrons are transferred in a 10.0 A current that runs for 3.0 s?
 - (A) 3.0×10^{1}
 - (B) 1.9×10^{20}
 - (C) 6.2×10^{19}
 - (D) 3.3×10^{31}

- 15. If 2.00×10^2 mA of current flows through the filament of a light bulb, how many electrons would pass through the filament in 30.0 s?
 - (A) 2.67×10^{-23} (B) 2.67×10^{-20}
 - (C) 3.75×10^{19} (D) 3.75×10^{22}
- 16. How many electrons are on the move in a circuit where a current of 2.0 A flows for 2.0 minutes?
 - (A) 240
 - (B) 3.84×10^{-17}
 - (C) 1.5 x 10²¹
 - (D) 6.25×10^{-18}

PART B: Fill in the blank

Instruction : Use the circuit diagram to answer the next question. Place your answer on the Scantron



- 17. The source in the electrical circuit is represented by_____
- 18. The conductor in the electrical circuit is represented by_____
- 19. The switch in the electrical circuit is represented by_____
- 20. The load in the electrical circuit is represented by_____