# **Intermediate Science 7 Unit 3: Mixtures and Solutions**

**Topic 3: Making A Solution** 



Student Name	

**Solutions:** is a homogeneous mixture that they appear as ONE substance.

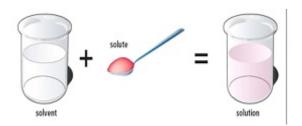
Examples:

tap water Vinegar gold jewelry

A solution consist of 2 parts:

**Solute:** is the substance in a solution that is present in lesser amount?

**Solvent:** refers to the substance in a solution that is present in greater amount



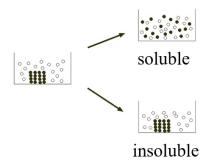
Note: The solute dissolves into the solvent.

Different States Of Solutes And Solvents:

Solvents can be either: Solid, Liquid, Gas Solutes can be either: Solid, Liquid, Gas

Solution	Solute	Solvent	State of solute	State of solvent
air	oxygen, carbon dioxide and other gases	nitrogen	gas	gas
soda Water	carbon dioxide	water	gas	liquid
vinegar	acetic acid	water	liquid	liquid
filtered Ocean Water	sodium chloride (salt) and other minerals	water	solid	liquid
brass	zinc	copper	solid	solid
antifreeze	alcohol	water	liquid	liquid

**Solubility** refers to the amount of solute that will dissolve in a given amount of solvent at a given temperature:



#### **Soluble:**

- If the particles of the solute are more attracted to the particles of the solvent.
- Dissolving occurs.
- The solute is said to be soluble in that solvent. (ie. Solution)

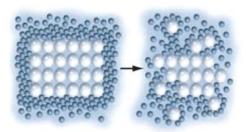
#### Insoluble

- If the particles of the solute are more attracted to their own particles than the solvent particles.
- Dissolving does NOT occur.
- The solute is said to be insoluble in that solvent. (ie. Mechanical)

Why Some Substances Dissolve?

### 1. Solute becomes attracted to the solvent.

Solute particles are attracted to solvent particles - so they mix.



Example: sugar particles are attracted to the water particles, mixing with the water particles.

#### 2. Movement

Mixing causes movement. When 2 substances are mixed, the weak attractions are broken by the motion of the particles.

Example: oil is mixed with gasoline. Both have very weak attractions that are broken by the motion.

# **PART A: MULTIPLE CHOICE**

Instructions: Shade the letter of the correct answer on the computer scorable answer sheet provided.

1.	What	What is another term for a solution?					
	(A)	Compound					
	(B)	Element					
	(C)	Homogeneous mixture					
	(D)	Heterogeneous mixture					
2.	Whic	h of the following describes a solute?					
	(A)	A homogeneous mixture of two or more substances.					
	(B)	The material that dissolves in the solvent portion of a solution.					
	(C)	Only dissolved in water.					
	(D)	Usually the material present in the largest amount in a solution					
3.	What	What is a solution?					
	(A)	Solute					
	(B)	Solvent					
	(C)	Solvent + solute					
	(D)	Solvent - solute					
4.	Whic	h state(s) of matter can a solute be found?					
	(A)	Gas					
	(B)	Liquid					
	(C)	Liquid					
	(D)	All of the above					
5.	Whic	h best describes a solute?					
	I)	It is substance that is of lesser amount in the solution					
	II)	It gets dissolved					
	III)	It can be found as a solid, liquid of gas					
	(A)	I					
	(B)	II					
	(C)	III					
	(D)	All are correct					
6.	Whic	Which of the following refers to a substance that is dissolved in a solvent?					
	(A)	Solid					
	(B)	Solute					
	(C)	Solvent					
	(D)	Substance					
7.	A sal salt?	A salt is placed in a glass of water will dissolve. In this case, what term best describes the salt?					
	(A)	Solid					
	(B)	Solute					
	(C)	Solvent					

Substance

(D)

	(A) (B)	Gas Liquid
	(C)	Liquid
	(D)	All of the above
9.	Which	best describes a solvent?
	I)	It is substance that is of greater amount in the solution It dissolves the solute
	II) III)	It can be found as a solid, liquid of gas
	,	
	(A)	I
	(B)	
	(C) (D)	III All are correct
10.	What	is the most comment solvent in everyday life?
	(A)	Blood
	(B)	Ethanol
	(C)	Maple syrup
	(D)	Water
11.	Which	a substance listed below is not a common solvent?
	(A)	Bar of soap
	(B)	Hand moisturize
	(C) (D)	Nail polish remover Water
12.		a solution of 78% nitrogen, 21% oxygen and 1% other gases. Which part of this on is the solvent?
	(A)	Air
	(B)	Nitrogen
	(C)	Other gases
	(D)	Oxygen
13.	3. A sugar cube placed in a glass of water will dissolve. In this case, what term best describes the water?	
	(A)	Solid
	(B)	Solute
	(C)	Solvent
	(D)	Substance
14.	•	is a mixture consisting of two or more metals. For example, brass is an alloy made per with zinc dissolved in it. What states of matter are the solute and solvent for
	(A)	Metal + metal
	(B)	Metal+ liquid
	(C)	Metal+ Gas
	(D)	Liquid and Gas

Which state(s) of matter can a solvent be found?

8.

15.	Which	of the	following	best	describes	the solubili	ty of a material	?
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- (A) The maximum amount of solute that can go into solution at any temperature.
- (B) The minimum amount of solute that can go into solution at a particular temperature.
- (C) The amount of solute that will dissolve into solution at a particular temperature.
- (D) A useless concept since all solutes have a different solubility.
- 16. Which of the following best describes a mixture of oil and water?
  - (A) Insoluble
  - (B) Solute
  - (C) Soluble
  - (D) Solvent
- 17. What term best describes the solubility of sugar in water?
  - (A) Insoluble
  - (B) Solute
  - (C) Soluble
  - (D) Solvent

## PART B: MATCHING

[5]

Match each thermometer on the left with the best Descriptor on the right. Each Descriptor may be used only once. Place your answer on the scantron

Term	Descriptor	
18Solution	A. Describes when a substance that can dissolve in a particular solvent.	
19Solvent	B. Describes when a substance that cannot dissolve in a particular solvent.	
20Solute	C. The substance that dissolves the solute; the substance that is in greater amount in the solution	
21Insoluble	D. The substance which is dissolved in the solvent	
22Soluble	E. Another term for homogenous mixture	

#### PART C: WRITTEN RESPONSE

1.	what does the term soluble mean?

2. What does the term insoluble mean?					
3. Vinegar is insoluble in vegetable oil. E substance? Explain why or why not.	Vinegar is insoluble in vegetable oil. Does this mean that vinegar is a totally insoluble substance? Explain why or why not.				
4. Why are some substances insoluble in	a certain solvent?				
5. Identify the solute and the solvent in the	nese examples.				
Solution	Solvent	Solute			
a)Your friend makes lemonade by mixing lemon-flavoured drink crystals with water					
b)Vinegar is a solution that is made up of 5% acetic acid and 95% water					
c)Humid air is a solution of water vapour in air.					
d)Home-made window cleaner can be made by dissolving vinegar in water.					
e)One way to make apple juice is by mixing water with frozen concentrated apple juice.					
(f) A small outboard motor on a boat is fuelled with a mixture of motor oil and gasoline.					
6. A stainless steel frying pan is a solu	tion called an alloy.				
(A) Name the solvent in stainless steel.					
(B) Name one solute in stainless steel.					